

LHC & Flavour Constraints on Two-Higgs-Doublet Models

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Scalars 2013, Warsaw, Poland, 12–16 September 2013



Two Higgs Doublets: ϕ_a ($a = 1, 2$)

$$\langle 0 | \phi_a^T(x) | 0 \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (0, v_a e^{i\theta_a}) \quad , \quad \theta_1 = 0 \quad , \quad \theta \equiv \theta_2 - \theta_1$$

Higgs basis:

$$v \equiv \sqrt{v_1^2 + v_2^2} \quad , \quad \tan \beta \equiv v_2/v_1$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \Phi_1 \\ -\Phi_2 \end{pmatrix} \equiv \begin{bmatrix} \cos \beta & \sin \beta \\ \sin \beta & -\cos \beta \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ e^{-i\theta} \phi_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Phi_1 = \begin{bmatrix} G^+ \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (v + S_1 + i G^0) \end{bmatrix} \quad , \quad \Phi_2 = \begin{bmatrix} H^+ \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (S_2 + i S_3) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Phi_1 = \begin{bmatrix} G^+ \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(v + S_1 + i G^0) \end{bmatrix} \quad , \quad \Phi_2 = \begin{bmatrix} H^+ \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(S_2 + i S_3) \end{bmatrix}$$

Goldstones: G^\pm, G^0

Mass eigenstates: $\varphi_i^0(x) = \{h(x), H(x), A(x)\} = \mathcal{R}_{ij} S_j(x)$

CP-conserving scalar potential: $A(x) = S_3(x)$

$$\begin{pmatrix} h \\ H \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \tilde{\alpha} & \sin \tilde{\alpha} \\ -\sin \tilde{\alpha} & \cos \tilde{\alpha} \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} S_1 \\ S_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Gauge couplings: $g_{\varphi_i^0 VV} = \mathcal{R}_{i1} g_{hVV}^{\text{SM}}$

$$g_{hVV}^2 + g_{HVV}^2 + g_{AVV}^2 = (g_{hVV}^{\text{SM}})^2$$

Standard Model

$$\bar{Q}'_L \equiv (\bar{u}'_L, \bar{d}'_L) \quad , \quad \tilde{\Phi} \equiv i\tau_2 \Phi^*$$

One Higgs Doublet $\Phi = \begin{pmatrix} \phi^{(+)} \\ \phi^{(0)} \end{pmatrix}$, $\langle 0 | \Phi | 0 \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$

$$\mathcal{L}_Y = - \bar{Q}'_{iL} \Gamma_{ij} \Phi d'_{jR} - \bar{Q}'_{iL} \Delta_{ij} \tilde{\Phi} u'_{jR} - \bar{L}'_{iL} \Pi_{ij} \Phi l'_{jR} + \text{h.c.}$$

 SSB

$$M'_d = \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \Gamma \quad , \quad M'_u = \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \Delta \quad , \quad M'_l = \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \Pi$$

Diagonalization



 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{GIM Mechanism (Unitarity)} \\ \text{Yukawas proportional to masses} \end{array} \right.$

No Flavour-Changing Neutral Currents

Yukawa Interactions in 2HDMs

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_Y = & -\bar{Q}'_L (\Gamma_1 \phi_1 + \Gamma_2 \phi_2) d'_R - \bar{Q}'_L (\Delta_1 \tilde{\phi}_1 + \Delta_2 \tilde{\phi}_2) u'_R \\ & - \bar{L}'_L (\Pi_1 \phi_1 + \Pi_2 \phi_2) l'_R + \text{h.c.}\end{aligned}$$

 SSB

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_Y = & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left\{ \bar{Q}'_L (M'_d \Phi_1 + Y'_d \Phi_2) d'_R + \bar{Q}'_L (M'_u \tilde{\Phi}_1 + Y'_u \tilde{\Phi}_2) u'_R \right. \\ & \left. + \bar{L}'_L (M'_l \Phi_1 + Y'_l \Phi_2) l'_R + \text{h.c.} \right\}\end{aligned}$$

M'_f and Y'_f unrelated  **FCNCs**

$$\sqrt{2} M'_d = v_1 \Gamma_1 + v_2 \Gamma_2 e^{i\theta} \quad , \quad \sqrt{2} M'_u = v_1 \Delta_1 + v_2 \Delta_2 e^{-i\theta}$$

$$\sqrt{2} Y'_d = v_1 \Gamma_2 e^{i\theta} - v_2 \Gamma_1 \quad , \quad \sqrt{2} Y'_u = v_1 \Delta_2 e^{-i\theta} - v_2 \Delta_1$$

Avoiding FCNCs

- Very large scalar masses  THDM irrelevant at low energies
 - Very small scalar couplings
 - Type III model: $(Y_f)_{ij} \propto \sqrt{m_i m_j}$ Yukawa textures
Cheng-Sher '87
 - Discrete \mathcal{Z}_2 symmetries: only one $\phi_a(x)$ couples to a given $f_R(x)$
Glashow-Weinberg '77
- \mathcal{Z}_2 : $\phi_1 \rightarrow \phi_1$, $\phi_2 \rightarrow -\phi_2$, $Q_L \rightarrow Q_L$, $L_L \rightarrow L_L$, $f_R \rightarrow \pm f_R$
-  CP conserved in the scalar sector

Aligned 2HDM

Pich-Tuzón '09

Require alignment in Flavour Space of Yukawa couplings:

$$\Gamma_2 = \xi_d e^{-i\theta} \Gamma_1 \quad , \quad \Delta_2 = \xi_u^* e^{i\theta} \Delta_1 \quad , \quad \Pi_2 = \xi_l e^{-i\theta} \Pi_1$$



$$Y_{d,I} = \varsigma_{d,I} M_{d,I}, \quad Y_u = \varsigma_u^* M_u, \quad \varsigma_f \equiv \frac{\xi_f - \tan \beta}{1 + \xi_f \tan \beta}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_Y &= -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} H^+ \left\{ \bar{u} \left[\varsigma_d V_{\text{CKM}} M_d \mathcal{P}_R - \varsigma_u M_u^\dagger V_{\text{CKM}} \mathcal{P}_L \right] d + \varsigma_l (\bar{\nu} M_l \mathcal{P}_R l) \right\} \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{v} \sum_{\varphi_i^0, f} y_f^{\varphi_i^0} \varphi_i^0 (\bar{f} M_f \mathcal{P}_R f) + \text{h.c.} \end{aligned}$$

- Fermionic couplings proportional to fermion masses.
- Neutral Yukawas are diagonal in flavour

$$y_{d,I}^{\varphi_i^0} = \mathcal{R}_{i1} + (\mathcal{R}_{i2} + i\mathcal{R}_{i3}) \varsigma_{d,I} \quad , \quad y_u^{\varphi_i^0} = \mathcal{R}_{i1} + (\mathcal{R}_{i2} - i\mathcal{R}_{i3}) \varsigma_u^*$$

- V_{CKM} is the only source of flavour-changing phenomena
- All leptonic couplings are diagonal in flavour
- Only three new (universal) couplings s_f .
- The usual \mathbb{Z}_2 models are recovered in the limits $\xi_f \rightarrow 0, \infty$

The *inert* doublet model corresponds to $s_f = 0$ ($\xi_f = \tan \beta$)

- s_f are arbitrary complex numbers

 **New sources of CP violation without tree-level FCNCs**

A2HDM: General phenomenological setting without tree-level FCNCs

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_Y = & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} H^+ \left\{ \bar{u} [\varsigma_d V_{\text{CKM}} M_d \mathcal{P}_R - \varsigma_u M_u^\dagger V_{\text{CKM}} \mathcal{P}_L] d + \varsigma_I (\bar{\nu} M_I \mathcal{P}_R I) \right\} \\ & -\frac{1}{v} \sum_{\varphi_i^0, f} y_f^{\varphi_i^0} \varphi_i^0 (\bar{f} M_f \mathcal{P}_R f) + \text{h.c.} \end{aligned}$$

$$y_{d,I}^{\varphi_i^0} = \mathcal{R}_{i1} + (\mathcal{R}_{i2} + i \mathcal{R}_{i3}) \varsigma_{d,I} \quad , \quad y_u^{\varphi_i^0} = \mathcal{R}_{i1} + (\mathcal{R}_{i2} - i \mathcal{R}_{i3}) \varsigma_u^*$$

\mathbb{Z}_2 models:

Model	ς_d	ς_u	ς_I
Type I	$\cot \beta$	$\cot \beta$	$\cot \beta$
Type II	$-\tan \beta$	$\cot \beta$	$-\tan \beta$
Type X	$\cot \beta$	$\cot \beta$	$-\tan \beta$
Type Y	$-\tan \beta$	$\cot \beta$	$\cot \beta$
Inert	0	0	0

Quantum Corrections

$\mathcal{L}_{\text{A2HDM}}$ invariant under the phase transformation: $[\alpha_i^\nu = \alpha_i^l]$

$$f_L^i(x) \rightarrow e^{i\alpha_i^{f,L}} f_L^i(x) \quad , \quad f_R^i(x) \rightarrow e^{i\alpha_i^{f,R}} f_R^i(x)$$

$$V_{\text{CKM}}^{ij} \rightarrow e^{i\alpha_i^{u,L}} V_{\text{CKM}}^{ij} e^{-i\alpha_j^{d,L}} \quad , \quad M_{f,ij} \rightarrow e^{i\alpha_i^{f,L}} M_{f,ij} e^{-i\alpha_j^{f,R}}$$

- Leptonic FCNCs absent to all orders in perturbation theory
- Loop-induced FCNCs local terms take the form:

$$\bar{u}_L V_{\text{CKM}} (M_d M_d^\dagger)^n V_{\text{CKM}}^\dagger (M_u M_u^\dagger)^m M_u u_R$$

$$\bar{d}_L V_{\text{CKM}}^\dagger (M_u M_u^\dagger)^n V_{\text{CKM}} (M_d M_d^\dagger)^m M_d d_R$$

MFV structure

D'Ambrosio et al, Chivukula-Georgi, Hall-Randall, Buras et al, Cirigliano et al

FCNCs at one Loop

General 2HDM 1-loop Renormalization Group Eqs. known [Cvetic et al, Ferreira et al](#)



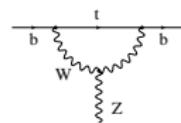
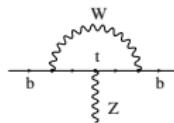
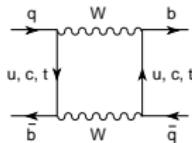
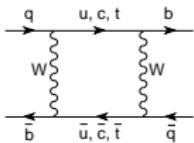
[Jung-Pich-Tuzón, Braeuninger-Ibarra-Simonetto](#)

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_{\text{FCNC}} = & \frac{C(\mu)}{4\pi^2 v^3} (1 + \varsigma_u^* \varsigma_d) \sum_i \varphi_i^0(x) \\ & \times \left\{ (\mathcal{R}_{i2} + i \mathcal{R}_{i3}) (\varsigma_d - \varsigma_u) \left[\bar{d}_L V_{\text{CKM}}^\dagger M_u M_u^\dagger V_{\text{CKM}} M_d d_R \right] \right. \\ & - (\mathcal{R}_{i2} - i \mathcal{R}_{i3}) (\varsigma_d^* - \varsigma_u^*) \left[\bar{u}_L V_{\text{CKM}} M_d M_d^\dagger V_{\text{CKM}}^\dagger M_u u_R \right] \Big\} \\ & + \text{h.c.}\end{aligned}$$

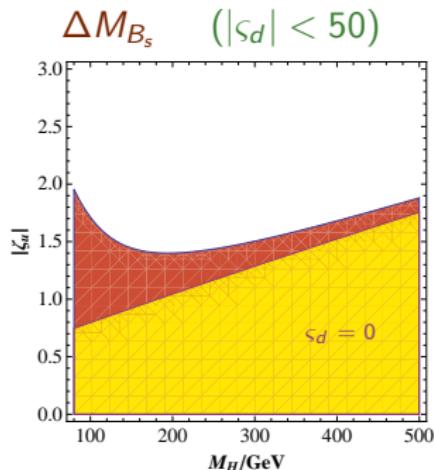
- $C(\mu) = C(\mu_0) - \log(\mu/\mu_0)$
- Vanish in all \mathcal{Z}_2 models as it should
- Suppressed by $m_q m_{q'}^2 / (4\pi^2 v^3)$ and $V_{\text{CKM}}^{qq'}$ $\rightarrow \bar{s}_L b_R, \bar{c}_L t_R$

1-Loop Constraints on H^\pm Couplings

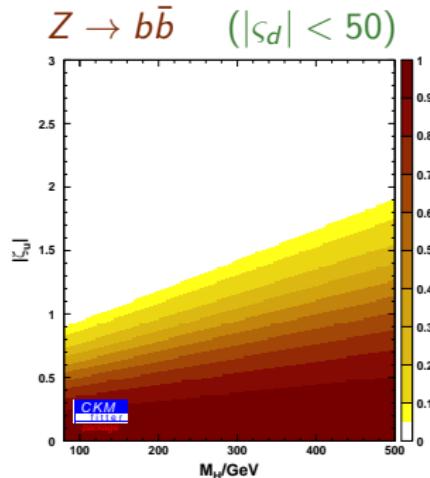
(95% CL)



Virtual H^\pm / W^\pm . Top-dominated contributions



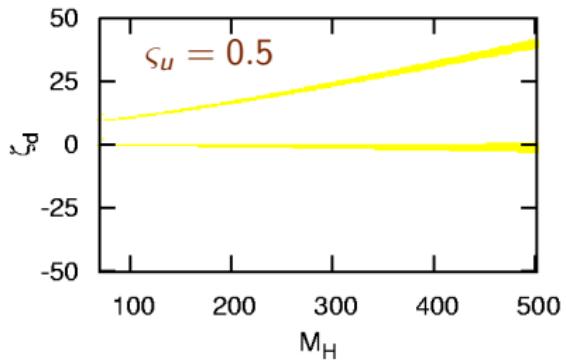
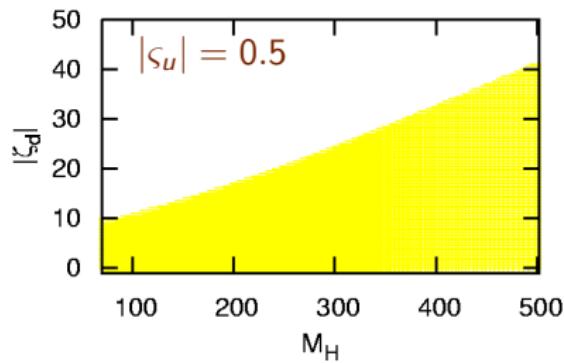
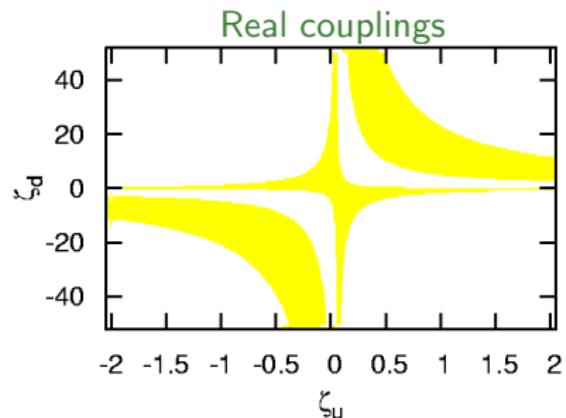
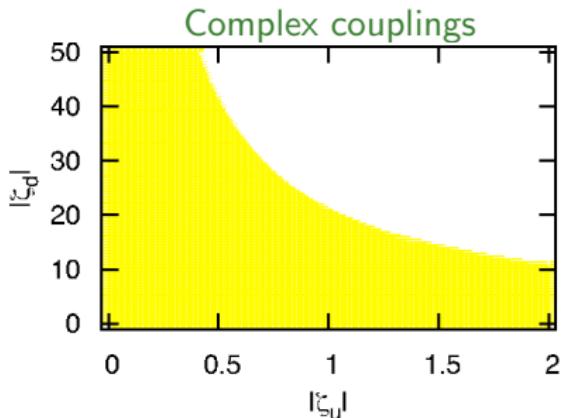
$$|\zeta_u|/M_{H^\pm} < 0.011 \text{ GeV}^{-1}$$



Jung-Pich-Tuzón

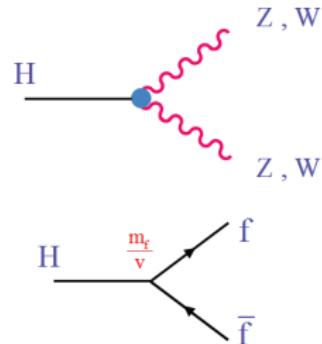
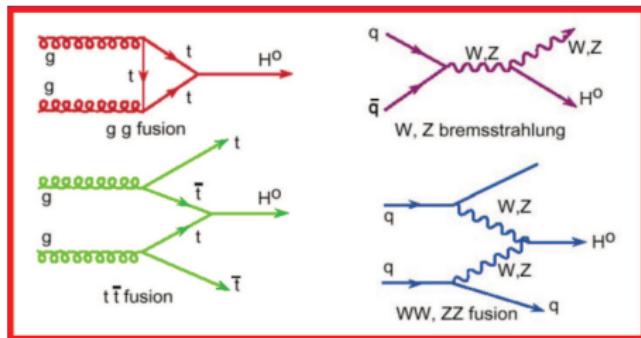
Constraints from $b \rightarrow s\gamma$ (95% CL)

Jung-Pich-Tuzón



$$C_i^{\text{eff}}(\mu_W) = C_{i,SM} + |\zeta_u|^2 C_{i,uu} - (\zeta_u^* \zeta_d^-) C_{i,ud}$$

Scaling factors for Higgs Production & Decay



$$g_{\varphi_i^0 VV} = \mathcal{R}_{i1} g_{hVV}^{\text{SM}}$$

$$y_u^{\varphi_i^0} = \mathcal{R}_{i1} + (\mathcal{R}_{i2} - i \mathcal{R}_{i3}) \varsigma_u^*,$$

$$y_{d,I}^{\varphi_i^0} = \mathcal{R}_{i1} + (\mathcal{R}_{i2} + i \mathcal{R}_{i3}) \varsigma_{d,I}$$

- **CP Symmetry:** $g_{h_i VV} = \cos \tilde{\alpha} g_{hVV}^{\text{SM}}, \quad g_{HVV} = -\sin \tilde{\alpha} g_{hVV}^{\text{SM}}$
- $$y_f^h = \cos \tilde{\alpha} + \varsigma_f \sin \tilde{\alpha}, \quad y_f^H = -\sin \tilde{\alpha} + \varsigma_f \cos \tilde{\alpha}, \quad y_u^A = -i \varsigma_u, \quad y_{d,I}^A = i \varsigma_{d,I}$$

Higgs Signal Strengths:

$$\mu_f^{\varphi_i^0} \equiv \frac{\sigma(pp \rightarrow \varphi_i^0) \text{ Br}(\varphi_i^0 \rightarrow f)}{\sigma(pp \rightarrow h)_{\text{SM}} \text{ Br}(h \rightarrow f)_{\text{SM}}}$$

$$\mu_{f,jj}^{\varphi_i^0} \equiv \frac{\sigma(pp \rightarrow jj \varphi_i^0) \text{ Br}(\varphi_i^0 \rightarrow f)}{\sigma(pp \rightarrow jj h)_{\text{SM}} \text{ Br}(h \rightarrow f)_{\text{SM}}} \quad ; \quad \mu_{f,V}^{\varphi_i^0} \equiv \frac{\sigma(pp \rightarrow V \varphi_i^0) \text{ Br}(\varphi_i^0 \rightarrow f)}{\sigma(pp \rightarrow V h)_{\text{SM}} \text{ Br}(h \rightarrow f)_{\text{SM}}}$$

$$\frac{\text{Br}(\varphi_i^0 \rightarrow X)}{\text{Br}(h \rightarrow X)_{\text{SM}}} = \frac{1}{\rho(\varphi_i^0)} \frac{\Gamma(\varphi_i^0 \rightarrow X)}{\Gamma(h \rightarrow X)_{\text{SM}}} \quad ; \quad \rho(\varphi_i^0) = \frac{\Gamma(\varphi_i^0)}{\Gamma_{\text{SM}}(h)}$$

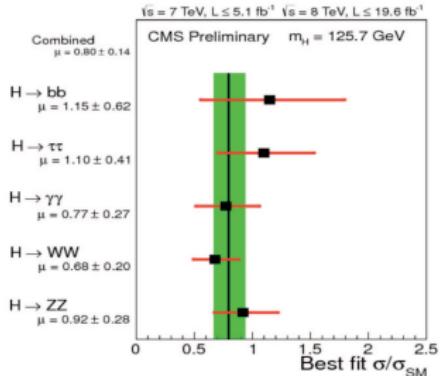
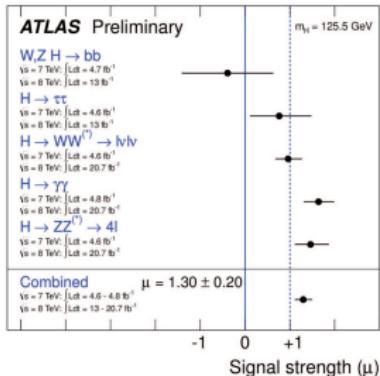
$$C_{gg}^{\varphi_i^0} = \frac{\sigma(gg \rightarrow \varphi_i^0)}{\sigma(gg \rightarrow h)_{\text{SM}}} = \frac{\left| \sum_q \text{Re}(y_q^{\varphi_i^0}) \mathcal{F}(x_q) \right|^2 + \left| \sum_q \text{Im}(y_q^{\varphi_i^0}) \mathcal{K}(x_q) \right|^2}{\left| \sum_q \mathcal{F}(x_q) \right|^2}$$

$$C_{\gamma\gamma}^{\varphi_i^0} = \frac{\Gamma(\varphi_i^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)}{\Gamma(h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)_{\text{SM}}} = \frac{\left| \sum_f \text{Re}(y_f^{\varphi_i^0}) N_C^f Q_f^2 \mathcal{F}(x_f) + \mathcal{G}(x_W) \mathcal{R}_{i1} + C_{H^\pm}^{\varphi_i^0} \right|^2 + \left| \sum_f \text{Im}(y_f^{\varphi_i^0}) N_C^f Q_f^2 \mathcal{K}(x_f) \right|^2}{\left| \sum_f N_C^f Q_f^2 \mathcal{F}(x_f) + \mathcal{G}(x_W) \right|^2}$$

$$x_f = 4m_f^2/M_{\varphi_i^0}^2 \quad ; \quad x_W = 4M_W^2/M_{\varphi_i^0}^2$$

Signal Strengths

$$\mu \equiv \frac{\sigma \cdot \text{Br}}{\sigma_{\text{SM}} \cdot \text{Br}_{\text{SM}}}$$

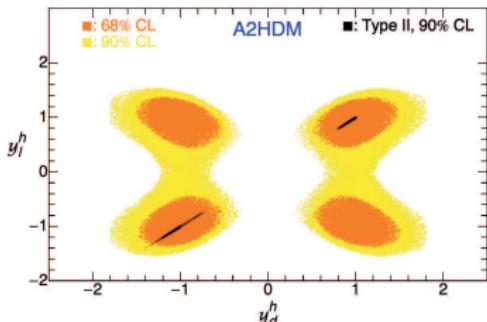
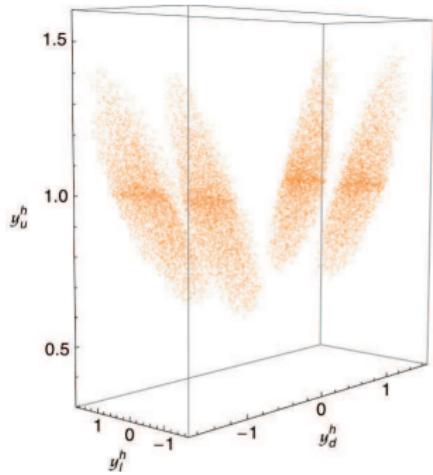


Decay Mode	ATLAS $(M_H = 125.5 \text{ GeV})$	CMS $(M_H = 125.7 \text{ GeV})$
$H \rightarrow bb$	$0.2^{+0.7}_{-0.6}$	1.15 ± 0.62
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	$0.7^{+0.7}_{-0.6}$	1.10 ± 0.41
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	$1.55^{+0.33}_{-0.28}$	0.77 ± 0.27
$H \rightarrow WW^*$	$0.99^{+0.31}_{-0.28}$	0.68 ± 0.20
$H \rightarrow ZZ^*$	$1.43^{+0.40}_{-0.35}$	0.92 ± 0.28
Combined	1.23 ± 0.18	0.80 ± 0.14

$$\langle \mu \rangle = 0.96 \pm 0.11$$

A Light CP-even Higgs at 126 GeV

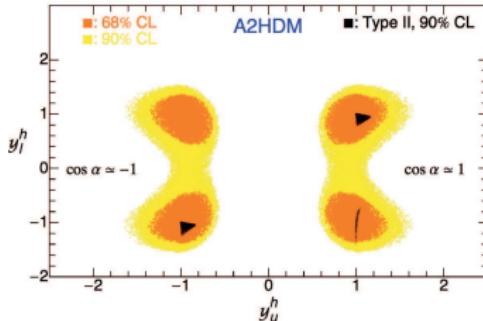
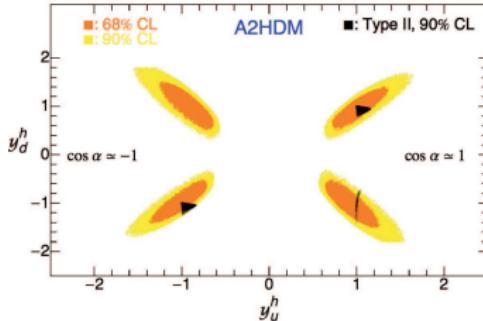
Celis-Illisie-Pich



LHC & A-2HDM

CP conserved

$$|\cos \tilde{\alpha}| > 0.80 \quad (90\% \text{ CL})$$



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A Light CP-even Higgs at 126 GeV

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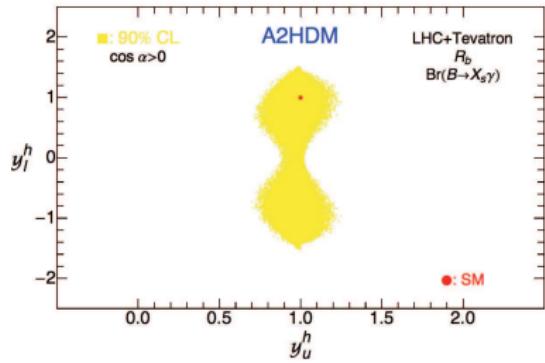
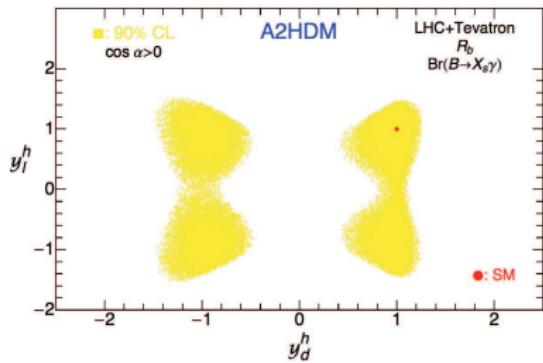
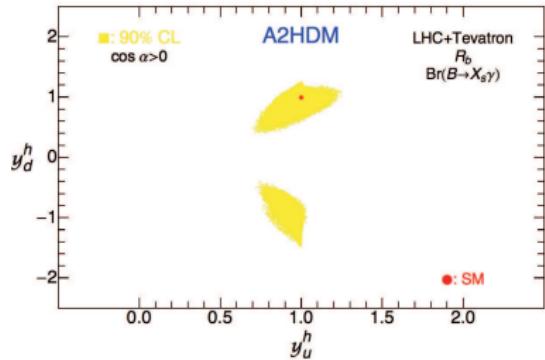
CP conserved

LHC + Tevatron + R_b + $b \rightarrow s\gamma$

$M_{H^\pm} \in [80, 500] \text{ GeV}$

$|\zeta_{d,I}| < 50$

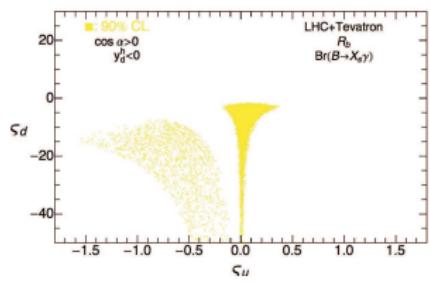
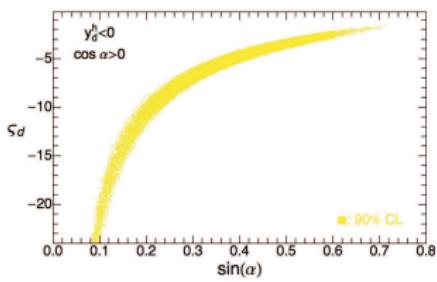
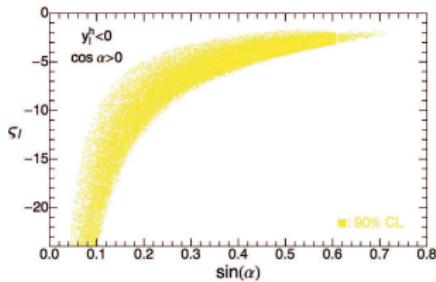
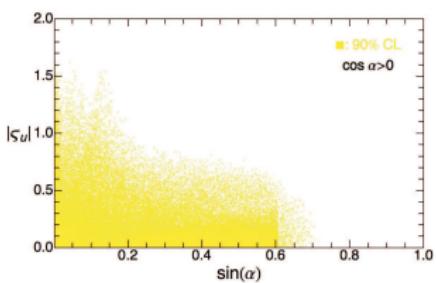
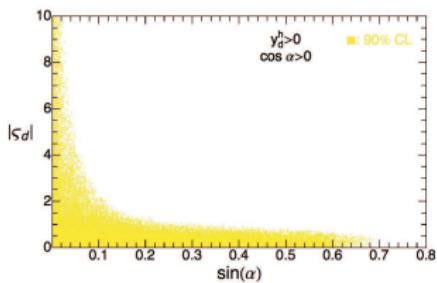
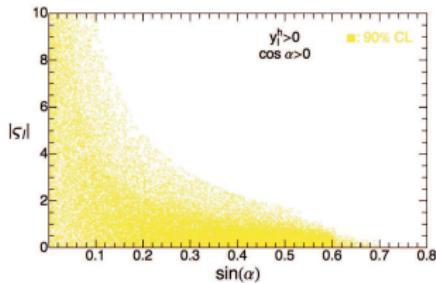
H^\pm neglected in $H \rightarrow 2\gamma$



A Light CP-even Higgs at 126 GeV

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CP conserved

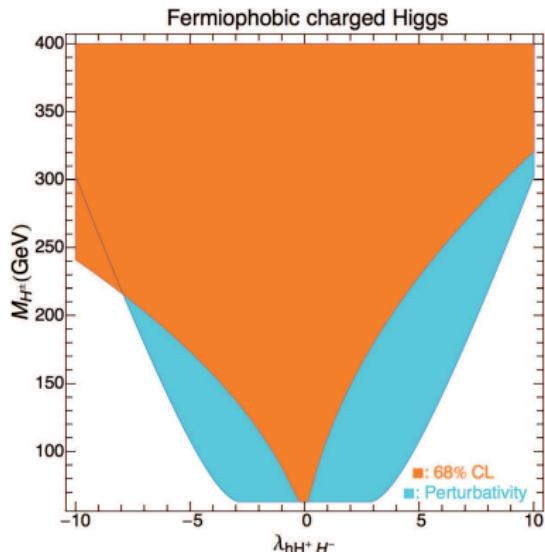
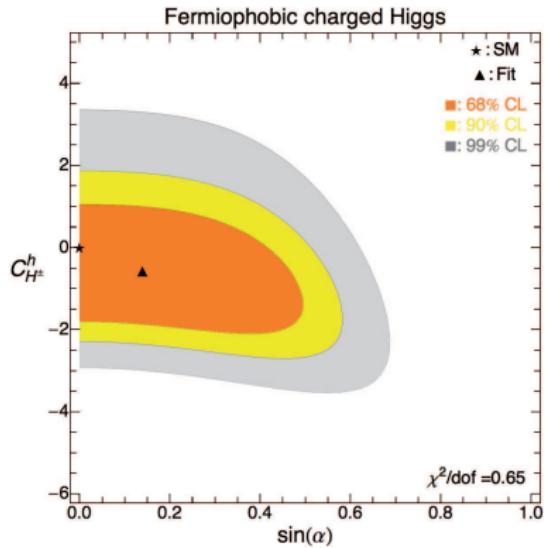


Strong constraints on the A2HDM parameters

Fermiophobic Charged Higgs

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$$s_f = 0 \quad \rightarrow \quad y_f^{\varphi_i^0} = g_{\varphi_i^0 VV} / g_{\varphi_i^0 VV}^{\text{SM}} = \mathcal{R}_{i1}$$



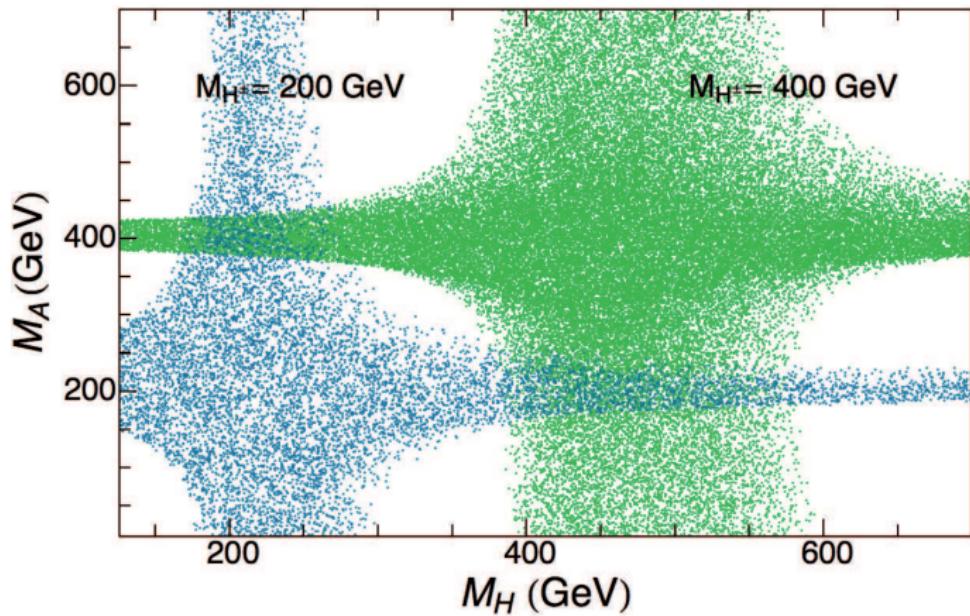
$$\mathcal{L}_{hH^+H^-} = -v \lambda_{hH^+H^-} h H^+ H^- ,$$

$$C_{H^\pm}^h = \frac{v^2}{2M_{H^\pm}^2} \lambda_{hH^+H^-} \mathcal{A}(4M_{H^\pm}^2/M_h^2)$$

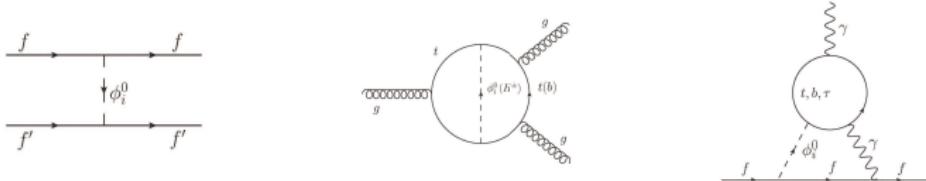
Oblique Constraints (S, T, U)

$$\cos \tilde{\alpha} \in [0.8, 1]$$

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Electric Dipole Moments



- Highly sensitive to flavour-blind CP-violating phases
- Stringent experimental bounds: neutron, Tl, Hg, YbF ...
- 1-loop H^\pm contributions very suppressed by light-quark masses
- Contributions from 4-fermion operators are small Buras et al
- Two-loop contributions dominate Weinberg, Dicus, Barr-Zee, Gunion-Wyler
- Strong cancelations among ϕ_i^0 contributions: Jung-Pich

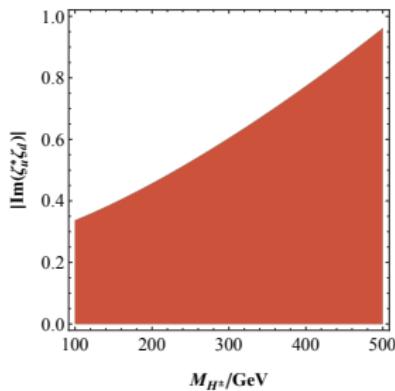
$$\sum_i \operatorname{Re}(y_f^{\phi_i^0}) \operatorname{Im}(y_{f'}^{\phi_i^0}) \propto \operatorname{Im}(\zeta_f^* \zeta_{f'})$$

Cancelation exact in the equal-mass and decoupling limits

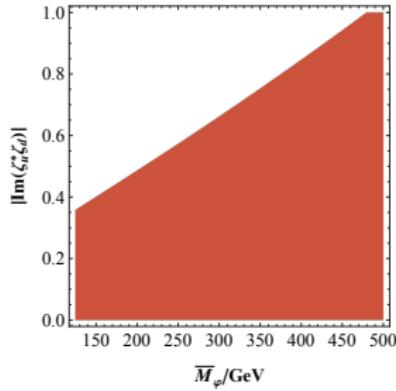
Neutron EDM

Jung-Pich, 1308.6283

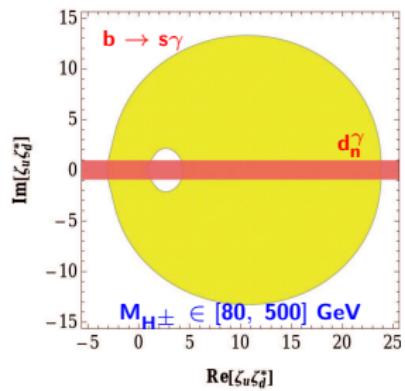
Charged contribution



Neutral contribution



Comparison with $b \rightarrow s\gamma$

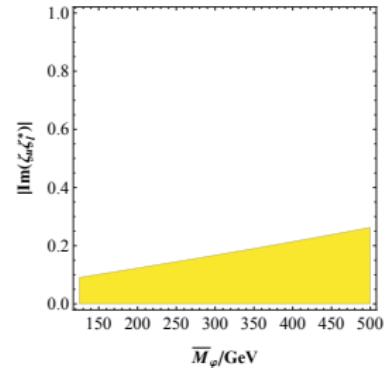
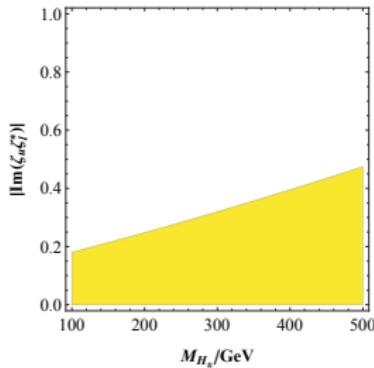


$\text{Im}(\zeta_u \zeta_d^*)$ strongly constrained, but not tiny

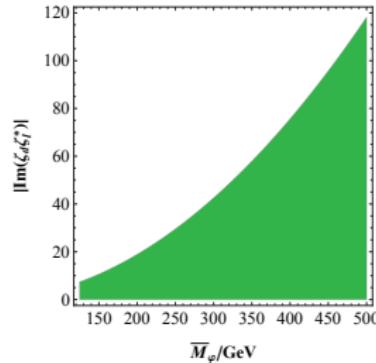
$$\bar{M}_\varphi = \langle M_{\varphi_i^0} \rangle \quad (\text{effective neutral mass})$$

Electron EDM

Jung-Pich, 1308.6283



Mercury EDM



SUMMARY

- The **Aligned THDM** provides a **general phenomenological setting**
Includes all \mathcal{Z}_2 models
- Tree-level FCNCs **absent** by construction
- Leptonic FCNCs **forbidden to all orders**
- Loop-induced quark FCNCs **very constrained (MFV like)**
- New sources of CP violation through ς_f
- Satisfies flavour constraints with $\varsigma_f \sim \mathcal{O}(1)$
- Sizeable flavour-blind phases allowed by EDMs
- **Interesting collider phenomenology**

Backup Slides

Minimal Flavour Violation in 2HDMs

$SU(N_G)^5$ Flavour Symmetry in the Gauge Sector (Q_L, u_R, d_R, L_L, l_R)

Chivukula-Georgi '87

Spurion Formalism:

D'Ambrosio et al, Buras et al

- $\Gamma_1 \sim (N_G, 1, \overline{N}_G, 1, 1)$
- $\Delta_1 \sim (N_G, \overline{N}_G, 1, 1, 1)$
- $\Pi_1 \sim (1, 1, 1, N_G, \overline{N}_G)$



Aligned Yukawas
are also invariant

Allowed Operators:

$$\bar{Q}'_L (\Gamma_1 \Gamma_1^\dagger)^n (\Delta_1 \Delta_1^\dagger)^m \Delta_1 u'_R$$

$$\bar{Q}'_L (\Delta_1 \Delta_1^\dagger)^n (\Gamma_1 \Gamma_1^\dagger)^m \Gamma_1 d'_R$$

Phenomenological Constraints

Jung-Pich-Tuzón

- $\tau \rightarrow \mu/e$: $|g_\mu/g_e|^2 = 1.0036 \pm 0.0029$



$$|\varsigma_I|/M_{H^\pm} < 0.40 \text{ GeV}^{-1} \quad (95\% \text{ CL})$$

- $\Gamma(P^- \rightarrow I^- \bar{\nu}_I) = \frac{m_P}{8\pi} \left(1 - \frac{m_I^2}{m_P^2}\right)^2 |G_F m_I f_P V_{CKM}^{ij}|^2 |1 - \Delta_{ij}|^2$

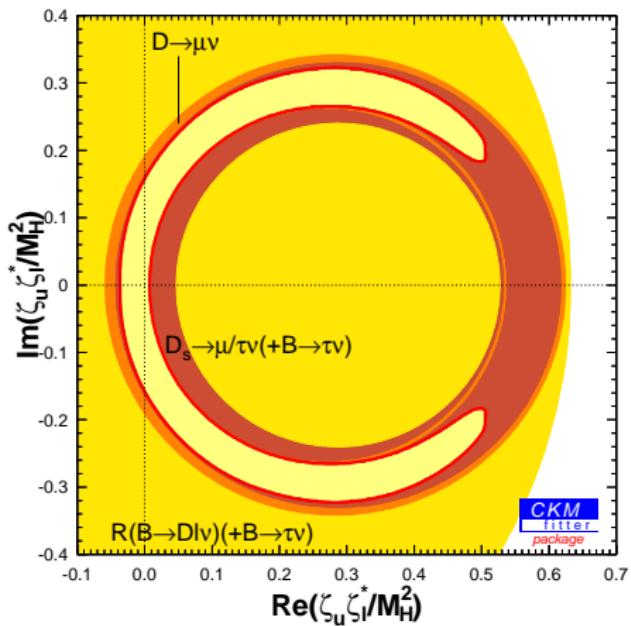
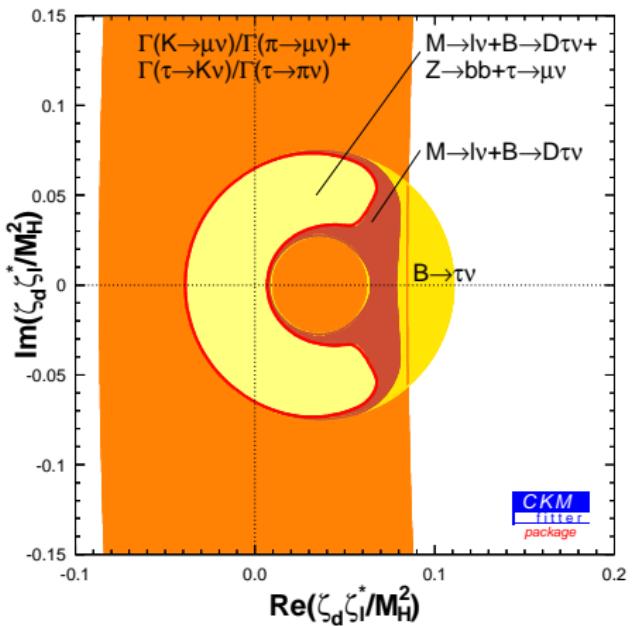
$$\Delta_{ij} = \frac{m_P^2}{M_{H^\pm}^2} \varsigma_I^* \frac{\varsigma_u m_{u_i} + \varsigma_d m_{d_j}}{m_{u_i} + m_{d_j}}$$

- $\Gamma(P \rightarrow P' I^- \bar{\nu}_I)$ Scalar form factor: $\tilde{f}_0(t) = f_0(t) (1 + \delta_{ij} t)$

$$\delta_{ij} \equiv -\frac{\varsigma_I^*}{M_{H^\pm}^2} \frac{m_i \varsigma_u - m_j \varsigma_d}{m_i - m_j}$$

Global fit to $P \rightarrow l\nu_l$, $\tau \rightarrow P\nu_\tau$, $P \rightarrow P'l\nu_l$ (95% CL)

Jung-Pich-Tuzón

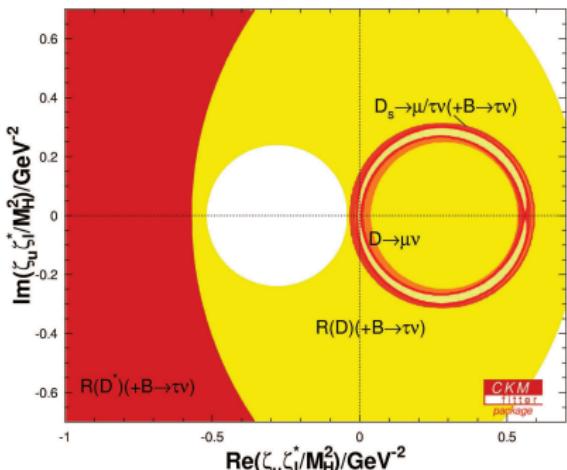
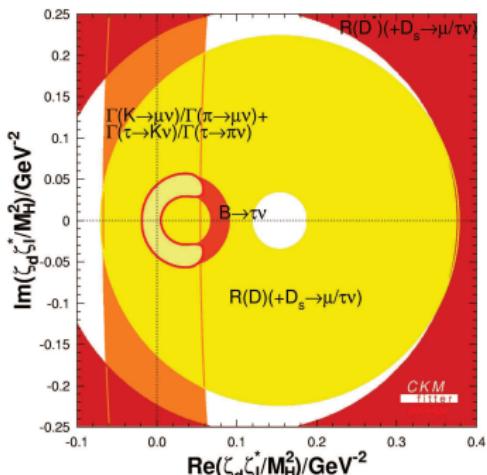
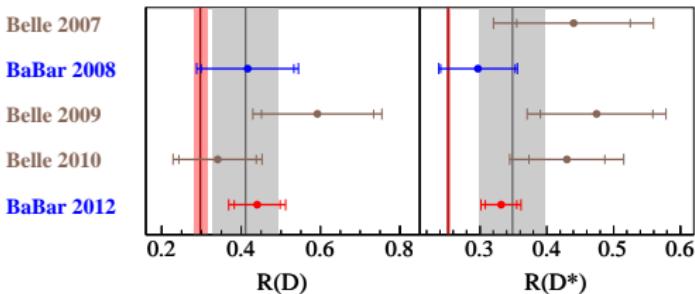


(GeV^{-2} units)

$B \rightarrow D^{(*)}\tau\nu_\tau$ and $B \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau$ decays

Celis-Jung-Li-Pich

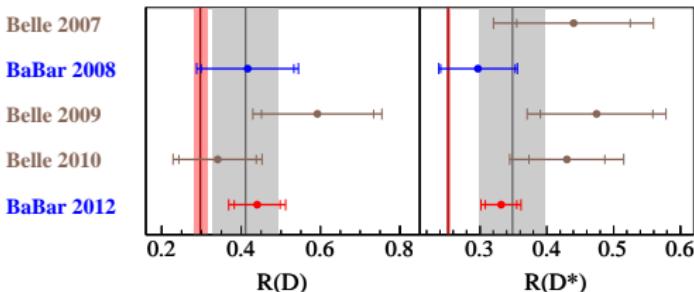
$$R(D^{(*)}) \equiv \frac{\text{Br}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)}\tau^-\bar{\nu}_\tau)}{\text{Br}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)}\ell^-\bar{\nu}_\ell)}$$



$B \rightarrow D^{(*)}\tau\nu_\tau$ and $B \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau$ decays

Celis-Jung-Li-Pich

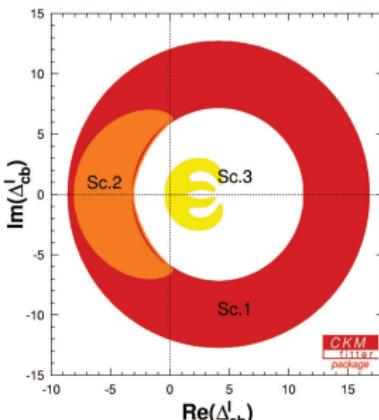
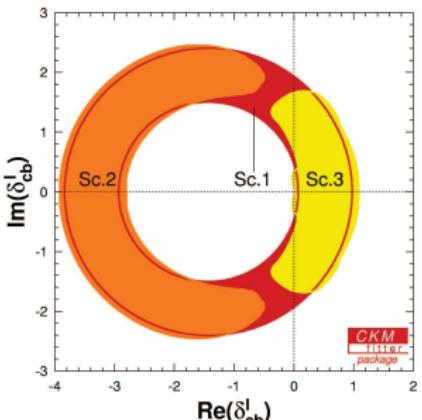
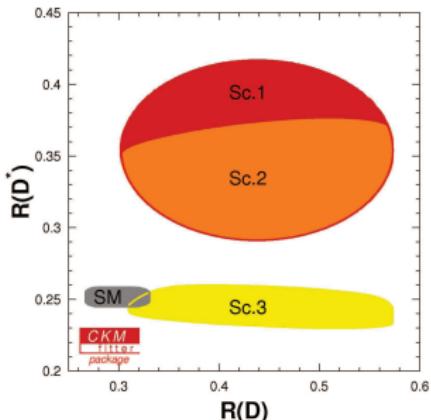
$$R(D^{(*)}) \equiv \frac{\text{Br}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)}\tau^-\bar{\nu}_\tau)}{\text{Br}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)}\ell^-\bar{\nu}_\ell)}$$



Sc1: $R(D)$ and $R(D^*)$ only

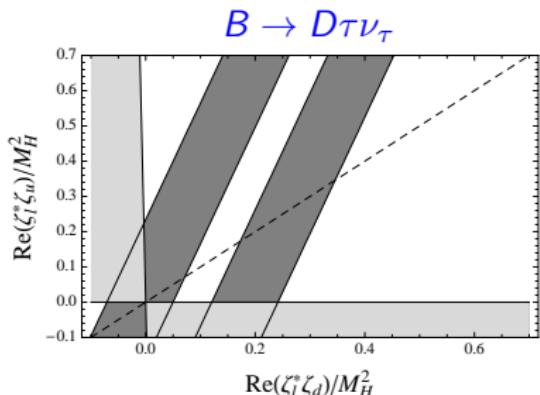
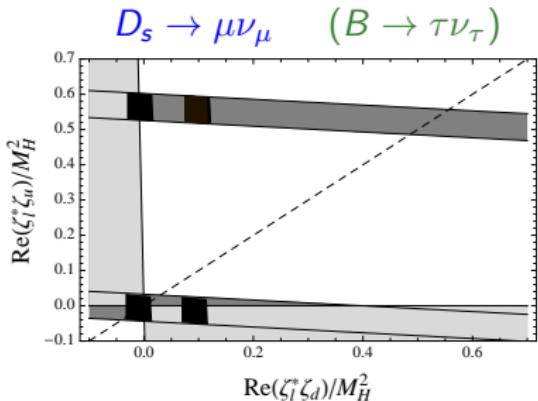
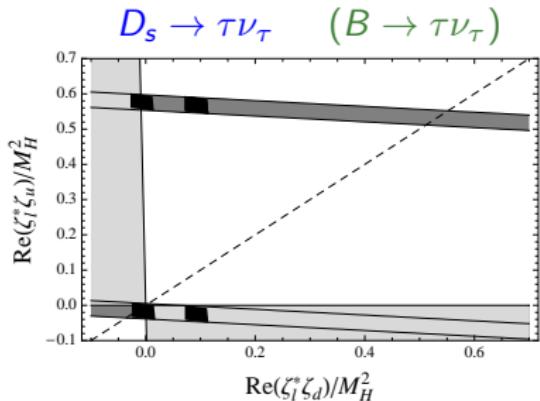
Sc1: $R(D)$, $R(D^*)$, $\text{Br}(B \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau)$

Sc3: All data except $R(D^*)$



Real Couplings:

Jung-Pich-Tuzón



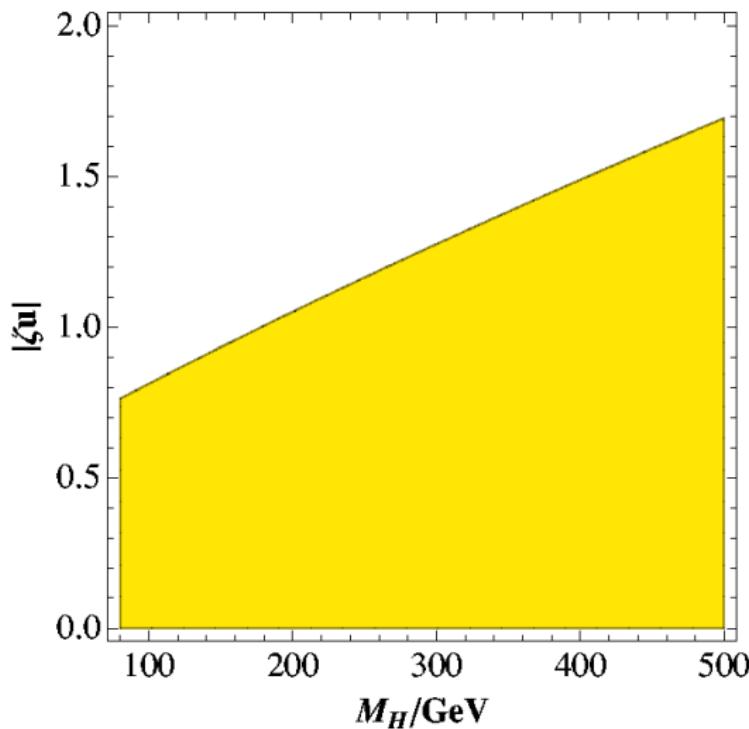
(95% CL, GeV^{-2} units)

Type I/X: Dashed Line

Types II/Y: Lighter grey area , $\tan \beta \in [0.1, 60]$

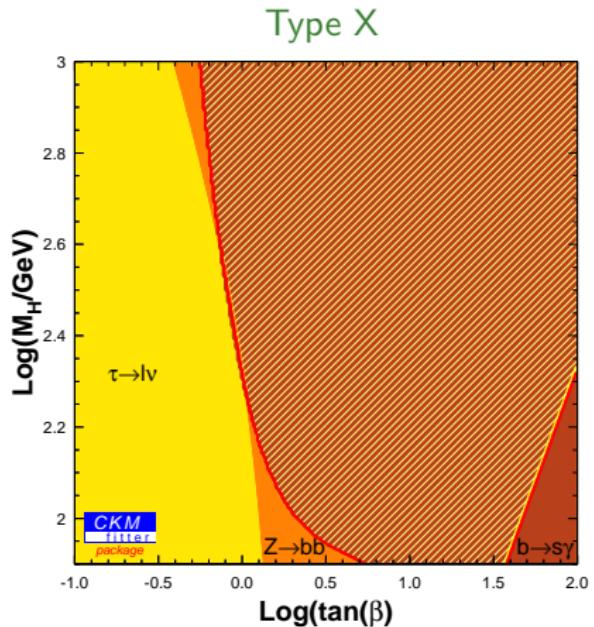
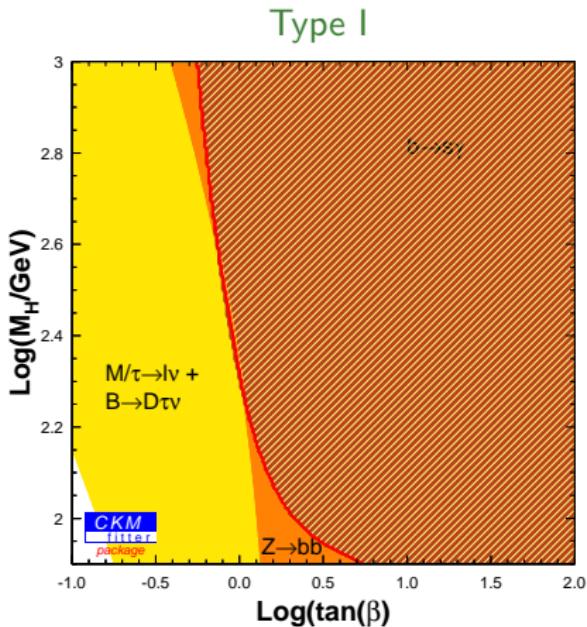
Constraints from ϵ_K (95% CL)

Jung-Pich-Tuzón



Global Constraints on \mathcal{Z}_2 Models (95% CL)

Jung-Pich-Tuzón

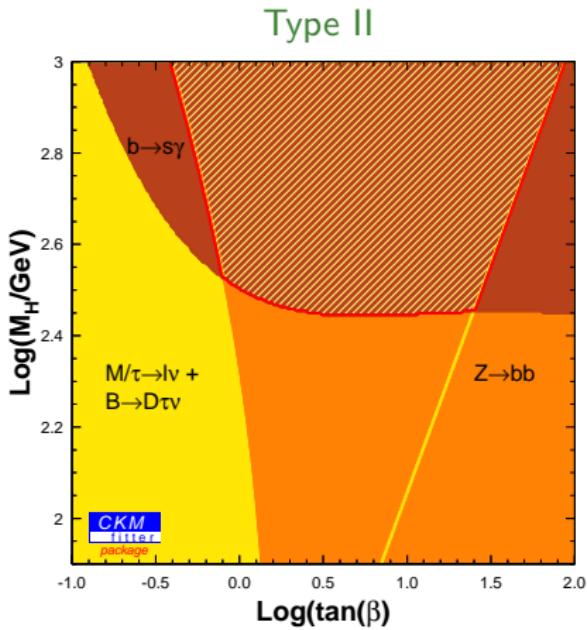


$$\varsigma_u = \varsigma_d = \varsigma_I = \cot \beta$$

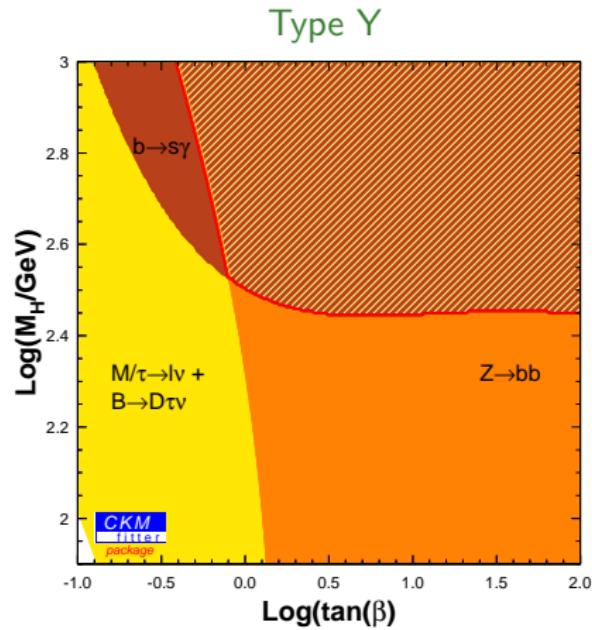
$$\varsigma_u = \varsigma_d = -\varsigma_I^{-1} = \cot \beta$$

Global Constraints on \mathcal{Z}_2 Models (95% CL)

Jung-Pich-Tuzón



$$\varsigma_u = -\varsigma_d^{-1} = -\varsigma_l^{-1} = \cot \beta$$



$$\varsigma_u = -\varsigma_d^{-1} = \varsigma_l = \cot \beta$$

$M_{H^\pm} > 277 \text{ GeV}$

In agreement with previous analyses

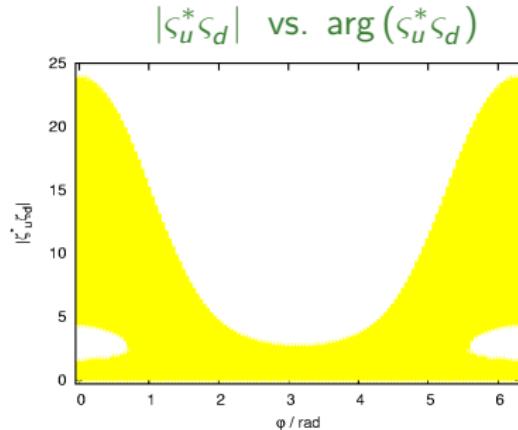
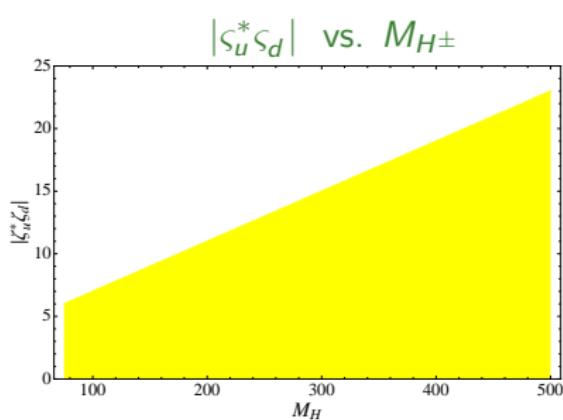
Aoki et al, Wahab et al, Deschamps et al, Flacher et al, Bona et al, Mahmoudi-Stal, Misiak et al ...

Constraints from $b \rightarrow s\gamma$ (95% CL)

Jung-Pich-Tuzón

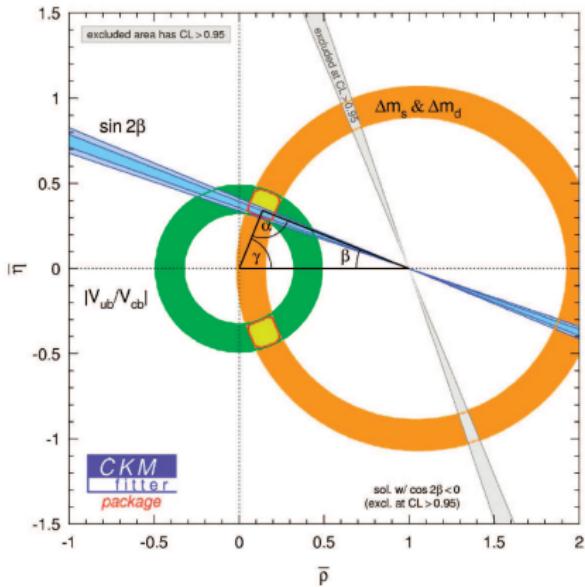
Important Correlations:

$$C_i^{\text{eff}}(\mu_W) = C_{i,SM} + |\zeta_u|^2 C_{i,uu} - (\zeta_u^* \zeta_d) C_{i,ud}$$



- Stronger constraint for small Scalar Masses
- For $\varphi \equiv \arg(\zeta_u^* \zeta_d) = \pi$ (0) constructive (destructive) interference
- Important restriction on CP asymmetries

CKM Fit within the A2HDM

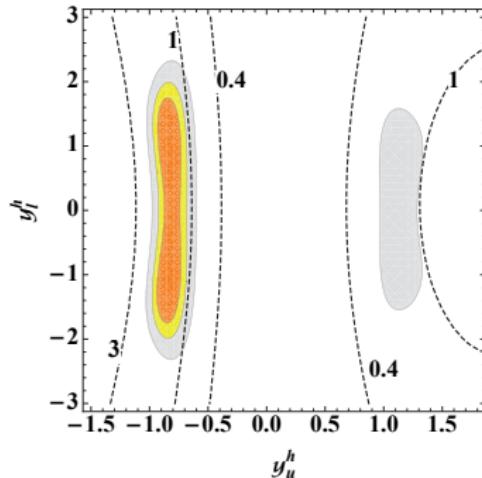
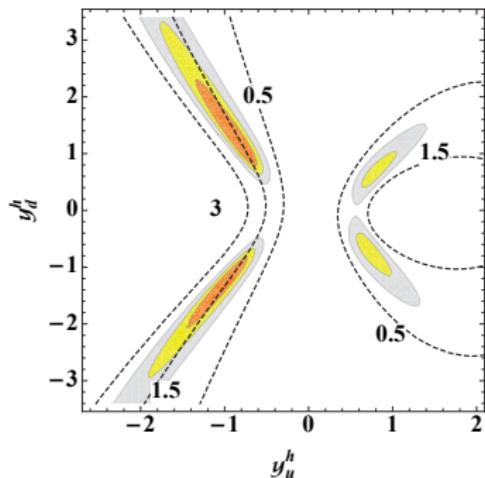


- Only the constraints from $|V_{ub}/V_{cb}|$ and $\Delta m_s/\Delta m_d$ survive
- γ from tree-level decays excludes the 2nd solution
- $\Delta m_s/\Delta m_d = (\Delta m_s/\Delta m_d)|_{SM} + \mathcal{O}[(m_s - m_d)\varsigma_d/M_W]$

Parameter	Value	Comment
f_{B_s}	$(0.242 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.022) \text{ GeV}$	
f_{B_s}/f_{B_d}	$1.232 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.033$	
f_{D_s}	$(0.2417 \pm 0.0012 \pm 0.0053) \text{ GeV}$	
f_{D_s}/f_{D_d}	$1.171 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.02$	
f_K/f_π	$1.192 \pm 0.002 \pm 0.013$	
$f_{B_s} \sqrt{\hat{B}_{B_s^0}}$	$(0.266 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.032) \text{ GeV}$	
$f_{B_d} \sqrt{\hat{B}_{B_d^0}} / (f_{B_s} \sqrt{\hat{B}_{B_s^0}})$	$1.258 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.043$	
\hat{B}_K	$0.732 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.043$	
$ V_{ud} $	0.97425 ± 0.00022	
λ	0.2255 ± 0.0010	$(1 - V_{ud} ^2)^{1/2}$
$ V_{ub} $	$(3.8 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.4) \cdot 10^{-3}$	$b \rightarrow u/\nu$ (excl. + incl.)
A	$0.80 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.01$	$b \rightarrow c/\nu$ (excl. + incl.)
$\bar{\rho}$	$0.15 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.05$	Our fit
$\bar{\eta}$	$0.38 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.06$	Our fit
$\rho^2 _{B \rightarrow D l \nu}$	$1.18 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.04$	
$\Delta _{B \rightarrow D l \nu}$	0.46 ± 0.02	
$f_+^{K\pi}(0)$	0.965 ± 0.010	

A Light CP-even Higgs at 126 GeV

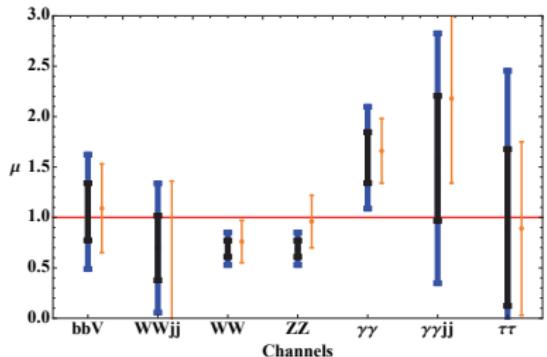
Celis-Illisie-Pich, 1302.4022



$$\cos \tilde{\alpha} = 0.99^{+0.01}_{-0.04} , \quad y_u^h = -0.8^{+0.1}_{-0.3}$$

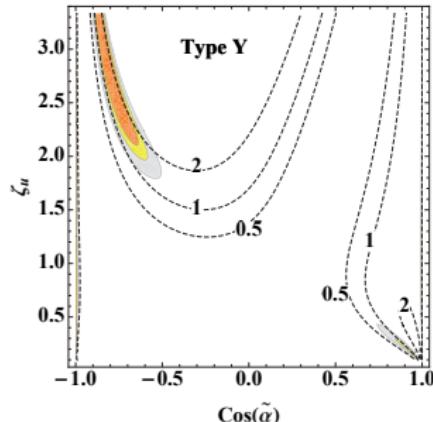
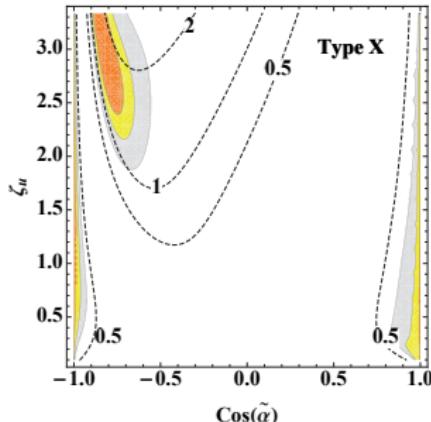
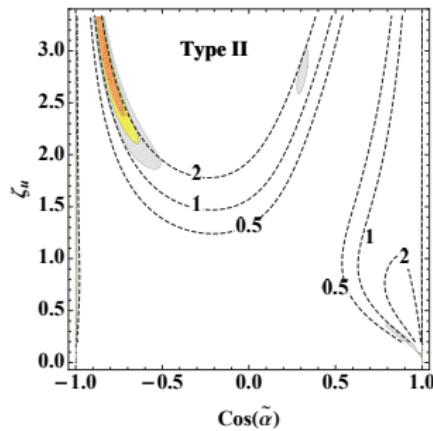
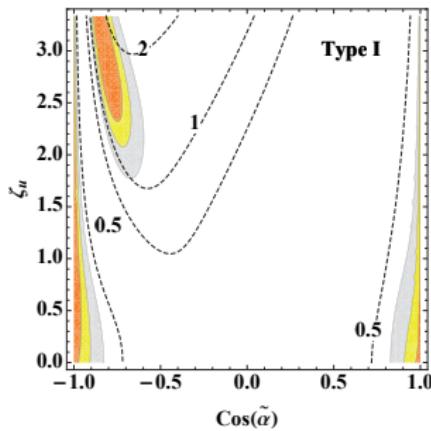
$$|y_d^h| = 1.1 \pm 0.3 , \quad |y_l^h| = 0.9 \pm 0.5$$

→ $\sin \tilde{\alpha} < 0.37 , \quad |y_u^H| > 4.6$



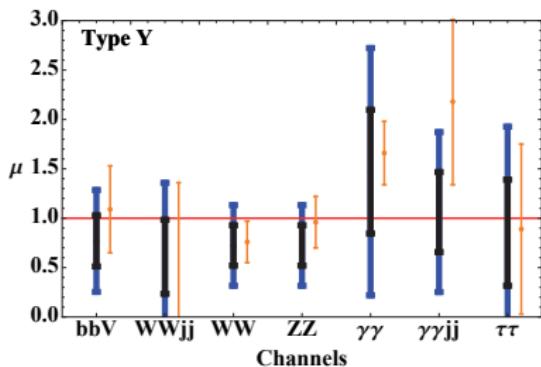
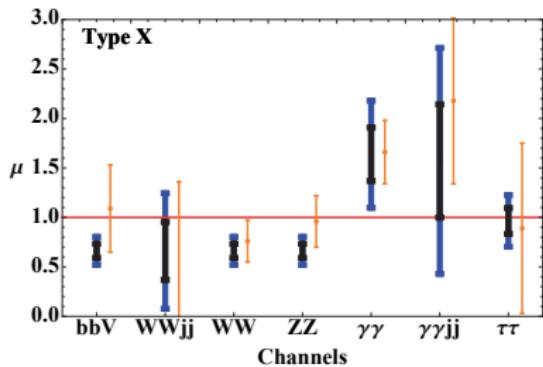
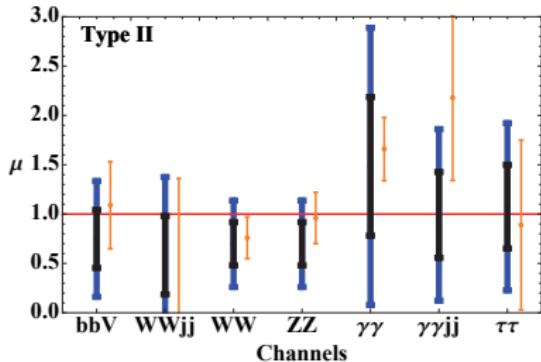
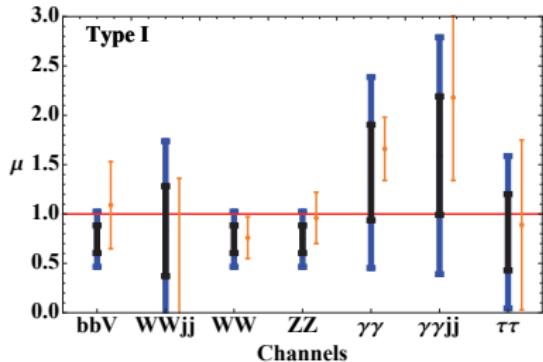
Global Fit within \mathcal{Z}_2 Models

Celis-Illisie-Pich, 1302.4022



Global Fit within \mathcal{Z}_2 Models

Celis-Illisie-Pich, 1302.4022



Good agreement, but in a region excluded by flavour data

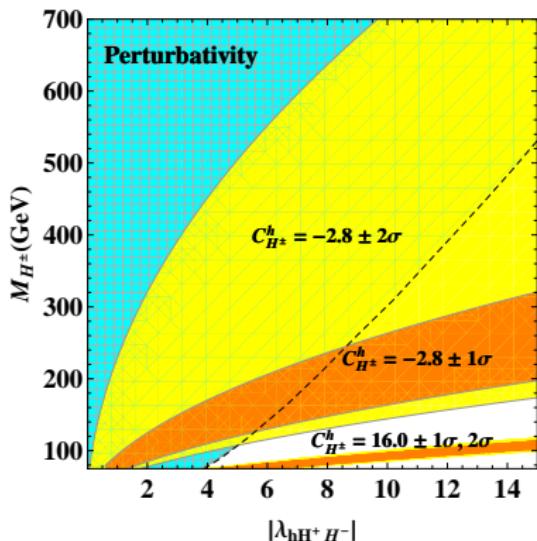
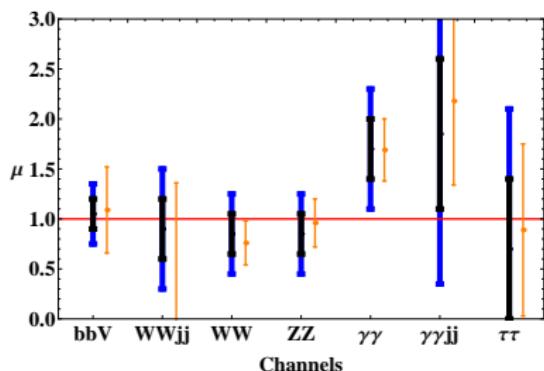
A Charged Higgs and the 2γ Excess

Celis-Illisie-Pich, 1302.4022

$$\cos \tilde{\alpha} = 0.98^{+0.02}_{-0.06} , \quad C_{H^\pm}^h = (-2.8 \pm 1.3) \cup (16.0 \pm 1.3)$$

$$y_u^h = 1.0 \pm 0.2 , \quad |y_d^h| = 1.1 \pm 0.3 , \quad |y_l^h| = 0.8 \pm 0.5$$

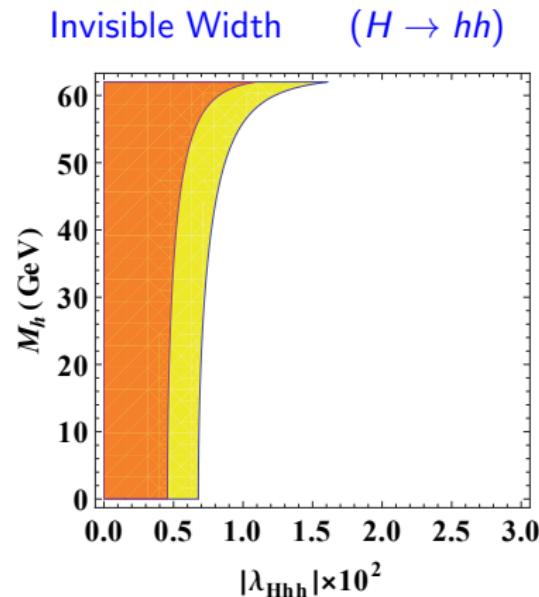
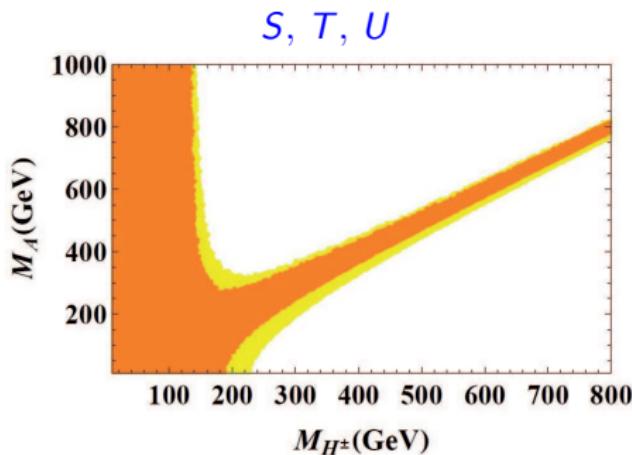
Excellent fit



Perturbativity \rightarrow $M_{H^\pm} < 250$ GeV (68% CL)

A Heavy CP-even Higgs at 126 GeV

Celis-Illisie-Pich, 1302.4022



$$\sin \tilde{\alpha} \approx 1$$

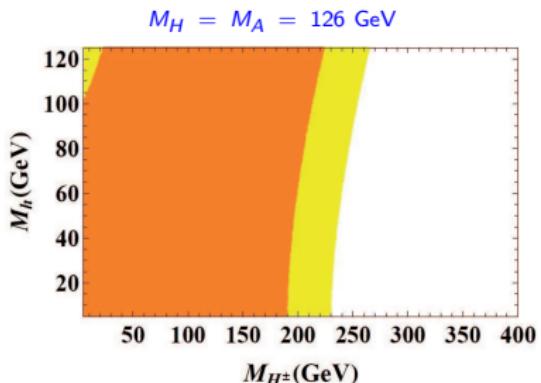
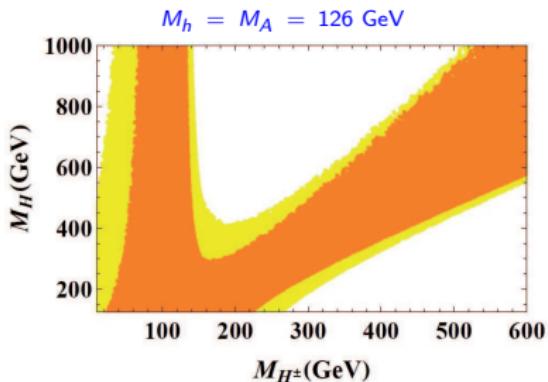


$$g_{hVV} \ll 1$$

Degenerate CP-even and CP-odd Higgses

Celis-Illisie-Pich, 1302.4022

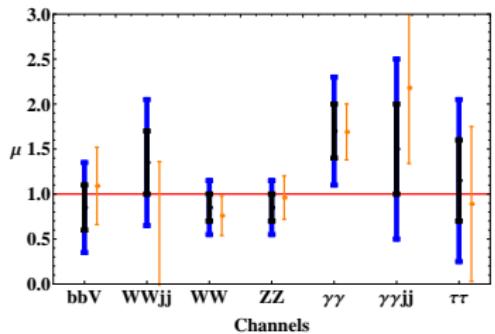
S , T , U Constraints



$$M_h = M_A = 126 \text{ GeV}$$

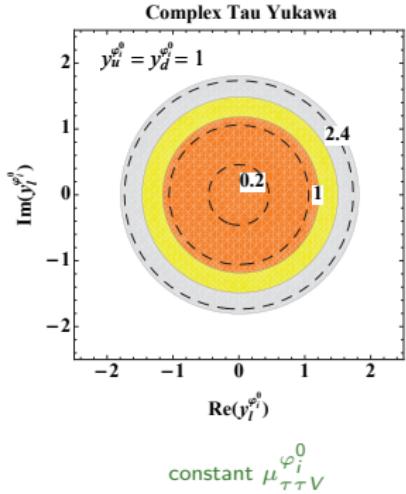
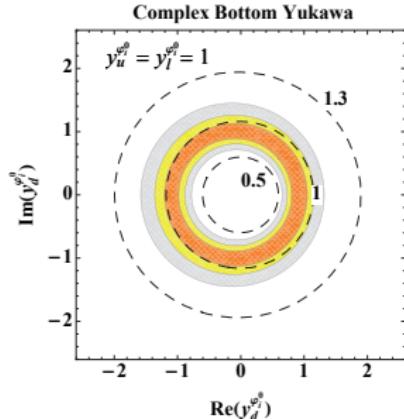
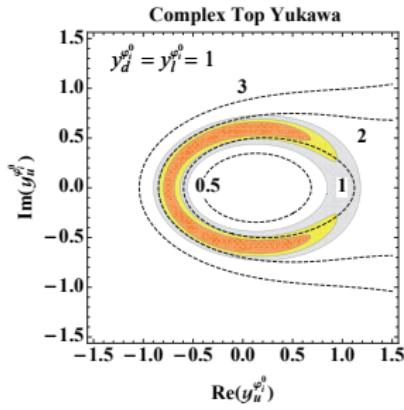
$$\cos \tilde{\alpha} = 0.98 \pm 0.2 \quad , \quad \varsigma_u = -1.1^{+0.5}_{-1.4}$$

$$|\varsigma_d| = 1.2 \pm 1.2 \quad , \quad \varsigma_l = -0.2^{+0.6}_{-0.4}$$



Complex Yukawa Couplings

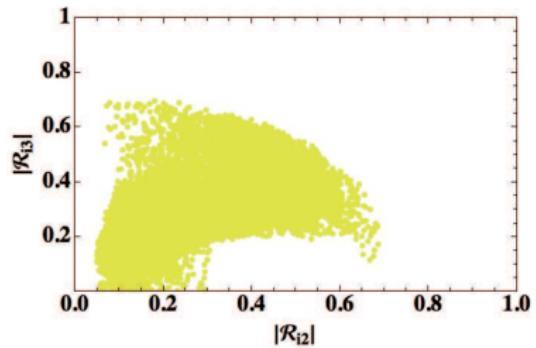
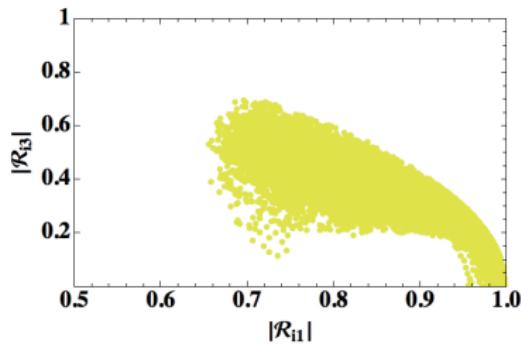
Celis-Illisie-Pich, 1302.4022



$$\mathcal{R}_{i1} = 0.95, \quad \text{parameters not shown set to SM}$$

CP-even & CP-odd Scalar Mixing

Celis-Illisie-Pich, 1302.4022



90% CL bounds for real ς_f , with $|\varsigma_u| < 2$ and $|\varsigma_{d,I}| < 10$